

ALL FOR NOTHING.

THE TORY NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE VATICAN ON IRISH AFFAIRS.

The Resolutions Adopted by the Catholic Nationalists—Parliamentary Success—The War-Scare Promotes Sambach—German Imperialists Against France—Emperor Frederick's Condition—Two Men Since by a Drunken Irish Ballad—Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, May 15.—As confidently predicted by those best acquainted with Irish affairs, the Papal rescript will have no practical effect on the policy of the Nationalists. The resolutions unanimously passed at the important meeting of Catholic members yesterday, at Dublin, merely state in a general way what the members of their party publicly stated when the rescript was first issued. The meeting and no difficulty in traversing the statements made by the Pope on the recommendation of Mr. Perico, who necessarily is less well informed on the actual condition of the country. Unless the Pope takes further action, as the *Tablet* newspaper to-day declares he will do, it is manifest that Salisbury's Government will have their trouble for nothing in applying to him to assist them out of their troubles.

INCREASED SENTENCES OF ATTAL.

Balfe's allegation that sentences were increased in Ireland under the Liberal Government is so far confirmed that in the returns moved for by Sir Wilfrid Lawson, there appear to have been several such cases from 1881 to 1882. Even if this is so it is of little importance. Gladstone does not deny that many kinds of illegality were committed under the rule of Dublin Castle during his successive administrations. At the same time he challenges the Government to show an instance in the practice of English courts.

FARMLANDS.

The House of Commons have already risen for the holidays. To-day the Commons will follow suit. The Commons would have risen yesterday, but the working class of members refused to allow an important measure like the employers' liability bill to be summarily dismissed. The men strongly object to the principle of allowing masters and employees to contract themselves out of the act.

SNUBBED BY THE LORD MAYOR.

The Lord Mayor inflicted a severe snubbing on the fussy persons engaged in getting up the panic about England being in danger from a foreign foe. He says he can be no party to the panic.

Acoordingly fitted by the best opticians, who thoroughly understand the proper fitting of lenses. Call on us and you will remain a permanent patron.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.

Cor. 4th and Locust.

Eyeglasses carefully repaired, low prices.

LATE LITIGATION.

New Cases Entered This Afternoon in the Circuit Court—Legal News.

The following new suits were filed late this afternoon in the Circuit Court:

Thomas B. Ormer vs. Thomas Stringer; suit for injunction to restrain the carrying on of a slaughter-house at Nineteenth and Benton streets.

John T. West vs. James H. Douglas; suit on a note for \$7,000 dated January 1, 1886, payable in one year.

David T. Meeker and Frank Meeker vs. John Heim; suit on account for iron and copper work for a building on Washington street.

Martin B. Hayes vs. Louis B. Berryl; suit for divorce. Married March 1, 1881; lived together till October 1, 1886; desertion alleged for upwards of one year.

Federal Court Notes.

LONDON, May 15.—The Lord Mayor refused and the Guild Hall for a public discussion on the subject of the Irish. He is cognizant of no such abuses on the part of the citizens, but, on the contrary, believes that a strong feeling exists that this discreditable action has already gone too far.

THE DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE'S SPEECH.

The Duke of Cambridge, in a speech at a banquet in Liverpool, last night, dwelt upon the necessity of England keeping pace with Continental countries in the matters of armaments and of strengthening all the defenses of her commercial ports. He thought the public ought to take greater interest in this vital question.

A GREAT MEETING.

The Council of the Liberal Union of London has decided to hold a great meeting at St. James Hall on June 7 to protest against the coercion act and the Government's treatment of political prisoners. Mr. Morley will preside.

HOME AND IRISH AFFAIRS.

Mr. Wilfrid Blunt writes to the *Major* of Cork that he has heard on very high authority that it is most unlikely that any further action will be taken by Rome in regard to the Irish affairs.

THE FARNELLI MANIFESTO.

The Times says that the only point of interest in the Farnelli manifesto is that while Mr. Farnelli declares the party to be entire strangers to the plan of campaign forty members of the party meet and justify it.

THE RACES.

At the Royal Windsor spring meeting to-day the race for the May plate, for 2-year-olds, was won by Mr. Quarmaine's East's colt, Kalkutta, with Mr. Abingdon's East's colt, Westholt, second and Mr. T. Jennings' Westnut colt, by George Frederick, out of North Star, third. There were five starters. The betting was 10 to 1 against Kalkutta, 5 to 6 on Westholt and 5 to 1 against the North Star colt.

Ireland.

WARNED BY MOONLIGHTERS. DUBLIN, May 15.—The moonlighters have posted notices in the Dublin districts of County Tyrone, ordering the boycotting of all communication with the police, and warning the people that all those who disregard the order shall be shot.

MURDERED BY A DRUNKEN BAILIFF. A ballad named Sweeny, while escorting a drunken son of Landlord Lloyd to his home at Templemore, County Tipperary, fired upon a laborer named Thompson and wounded him in the hip. Another workman named Kennedy, who had been with him also, shot the ball entering the heart. Both shots were fired at Lloyd's orders. The police pursued and arrested Sweeny and with difficulty prevented the people from lynching him.

Wales.

TITHE COLLECTORS MURBED. LONDON, May 15.—A party of tithe collectors and police were attacked by a mob at Llansidd, Wales, yesterday, and in the conflict that followed thirty-five persons were injured, seven of them seriously.

GERMANY.

IMPORTING RUSSIAN CORN. BERLIN, May 14.—Enormous quantities of Russian corn are being imported into Germany. During the last two days 660 truck loads of grain have entered German territory. The *Neckarblatt* expresses hope that a remedy for this serious evil will soon be put in operation in the shape of vigorous measures to prevent a further swamping of German markets.

INSPECTING RUSSIAN TROOPS.

Grand Duke Vladimir will soon go to Warsaw to inspect the Russian troops along the Prussian frontier.

KRUPP'S NEW STEEL FACTORY. Krupp will build a new steel factory and works near Aachen, Westphalia, the works at Eissen being unable to cope with the increased business.

THE EMPEROR'S CONDITION.

A bulletin issued this morning says the Empress is without fever. The diffiency as experienced in swallowing has nearly disappeared. His general condition is so satisfactory that he will be allowed to spend the greater part of the day in the open air. His strength is increasing. There is less secretion of pus.

AN IMPERIAL RESCRIPT. It is rumored that an Imperial rescript is about to be issued which is intended to prevent the Papal rescript from being sent to the Ecclesiastical franchises from visiting Alsace-Lorraine, in reprisal for the obstacles placed in the way of Germans on the French side of the frontier.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

VIENNA, May 15.—The Hungarian Credit Bank is contracting with the owners of oil wells in the Caucasus and Caspian territories to enable them to provide Europe with Bakau petroleum.

FRANCE.

A MONOPARTIST COMBINE. PARIS, May 15.—The Monopartist group in the Chamber of Deputies have resolved to combine with the Right in an effort to bring about a dissolution of Parliament.

DEATH OF M. MANGON.

M. Charles Francois Mangon, the distinguished French engineer, is dead.

DENMARK.

THE INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION OPENED. COPENHAGEN, May 15.—The International Exhibition was opened to-day by the King. All the members of the royal family were present. The buildings of the city were decorated with flags. American and German men-of-war were in the harbor and fired salvos.

SWEDEN.

GOING TO EXPLORE GREENLAND. STOCKHOLM, May 15.—Dr. P. Fritiof Nansen, with four Norwegians and two Laplanders, started for Greenland to explore the east coast.

STYLING SPETACLES.

GOLD SPETACLES, \$1 TO \$2. LORGNETTE SHELL, \$2 TO \$5.

OPERA-GLASSES, \$3.50 TO \$40.

Acoordingly fitted by the best opticians, who thoroughly understand the proper fitting of lenses. Call on us and you will remain a permanent patron.

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS HAVE ALREADY RISEN FOR THE HOLIDAYS. To-day the Commons will follow suit. The Commons would have risen yesterday, but the working class of members refused to allow an important measure like the employers' liability bill to be summarily dismissed. The men strongly object to the principle of allowing masters and employees to contract themselves out of the act.

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FRIDAY, MAY 18, 1888.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OLYMPIC—Deckstader's Minstrels.
PEOPLE'S—"She."
CIRCUS—"Bath of Bell Run."
SCHMIDEN'S GARDEN—Comic Opera Co.
CIRCUS—Nineteenth and Olive Streets.
MATINEES—TOMORROW.
OLYMPIC—Deckstader's Minstrels.
PEOPLE'S—"She."

The indications for twenty-four hours, commencing at 3 p. m. to-day, for Missouri are: Cooler, followed by warmer fair weather; preceded in eastern portions by rain; winds beginning light to fresh, variable.

The indications for to-morrow are for a great deal of weather, followed by an unusually excellent number of the SUNDAY Post-DISPATCH.

THE Grand Almoner of the free-pass system is never without honor in the conventions of both parties. He is also a mighty man in the lobbies of legislative bodies.

THE failure of the Sedalia Democratic Convention to endorse the Mills tariff bill shows that the influences which controlled the Missouri delegation to Chicago in 1884 are still potent.

THE tariff vote in the House can hardly fail to be affected by the significant omission of all mention of the tariff bill in the Democratic Conventions of two such States as New York and Missouri.

WHEN the Republican campaign in St. Louis is opened by a demand for the extirpation of the Hoodlums the Republicans row thus foreshadowed is enough to send Democratic stock up above par.

THE Missouri Democratic Convention at Sedalia took its cue from New York and ignored the Mills bill. It is thus intimated to Democratic Congressmen from New York and Missouri that support of the Mills bill is not required as a test of party loyalty.

VICE-PRESIDENT O'DAY of the "Froebel was easily elected delegate-at-large and came within ten votes of getting his yoke-fellow, Col. PHELPS, for a colleague.

Conventions are not ungrateful to those who "pay the freight" or furnish free transportation and refreshments.

SENATOR BROWN's speech for free-whisky and high taxes on the necessities of life exposed him to a very emphatic rebuke from the Democratic State Convention of Georgia. The convention not only refused to send him to St. Louis as a delegate, but bussed when his name was proposed.

It is announced that peace reigns in the Democratic camp at Kansas City, and that ex-Mayor E. L. MARTIN, who has just been made a delegate-at-large, will be the peace candidate for Congress to rescue the Fifth District from the Republicans. He is a strong man and has the tact and the resources wherewithal amanities are quieted and irritations soothed.

THEY is a basis of justice for the suggestion of the saloon-keepers that they have been charged for license to sell seven days in the week and that they should be allowed a proportionate reduction for obeying the new mandate and keeping open but six days in the week. In the case of many of them Sunday was their best day for business. It is good policy to temper the enforcement of the law with justice to them and thus to encourage in them the spirit of submissiveness and obedience to law.

REPUBLICAN organ-grinders are learning to accept from the present Republican Supreme Court as sound and safe law a great deal of good and wholesome State-rights doctrine which they would have rejected and denounced as revolutionary from Democratic judges. The present Supreme Court has done more to saturate the people of this country with Democratic

doctrines of constitutional law than a Democratic court could have done in a century. What was formerly heresy to one party is now gospel for both parties.

THE STORY OF A LEGAL FICTION.

Our Supreme Court's decision on the Sunday beer question is a striking illustration of the queer operation of laws interfering with popular customs. It tells us that for thirty years past the un-repealed and valid Sunday liquor law of Missouri has not been enforced in this city because it was erroneously supposed that another Sunday law had been especially enacted for this city, when in fact the requisite popular vote to change the law for us had never been cast. The Supreme Court had so decided in the Winkelmeyer case many years ago, but a seemingly conflicting decision was obtained upon a partial statement of the election returns, and St. Louis, without any legal right to do so, continued to exercise an unlawful privilege without let or hindrance, even for five years after the Downing act of 1883 had repealed the ineffectual act of 1857, and still for another year after another repealing act had been specially enacted.

This statement of facts simply shows that the weight of public sentiment is so much against a rigid Sunday law in this city that the authorities will probably have a weary time of it forcing the masses of our people to conform to the strict requirements of a law that has never been fully enforced in any large city. To keep the dram-shops closed on Sunday will be about all the authorities can do with only 400 policemen to attend to all the police duty over so many square miles of city. After a while the impossibility of a complete and consistent enforcement of the law according to the ideas of the strictest Sabbatarians and Prohibitionists will be recognized, and then will follow compromises with reference to front-door closing all day, and back-door opening during certain hours, as is the case in all cities where Sunday closing is supposed to prevail.

During all the thirty years of the supposed operation of the law of 1857 nobody ever contended that it exempted the dram-shops from the operation of the Sunday law, but they were permitted to act as if it did. The Supreme Court decision does not deprive them of a single protection or privilege they had before, and it alone is not going to close them and keep them closed unless public feeling on the Sunday question is changed from what it has been.

By simply repealing her city ordinance requiring the closing of saloons on Sunday, Chicago has for fifteen years past completely nullified the State law on the subject. It does not, as is the case with our Missouri State law, provide for its own summary enforcement by police under control of Police Commissioners appointed by the Governor and especially charged with the enforcement of State law in the city. The Mayor of Chicago is not more powerful in the premises than any other citizen who can testify before a Grand-jury or file a complaint before a Justice of the Peace. The Chicago Tribune says that three-fourths or more of the voters use liquor on Sundays, and that it is worse than useless to ask for indictments for violations of the Sunday-closing law from Grand-juries that "have persistently refused to indict even for selling liquor to minors and drunkards." Because trial juries are also opposed to the enforcement of the law, it is just as useless to proceed in the Justice of the Peace Courts, where the Tribune says, "past experience shows that juries will give verdicts of not guilty in the face of uncontradicted proof showing the sale of liquor Sunday." Chicago is, according to these confessions, a very bilious, wicked and law-defying city.

HARRISON has a majority of the Indiana delegation and all of them were instructed to vote for him. But enough of them are favorable to GRESHAM to rebel and split the party wide open in the State if any bargain is to be made, as alleged, to transfer Indiana's vote to SHERMAN. They were not instructed for SHERMAN, they know that he cannot carry Indiana, and they do not consider a bargain with Ohio to be right.

CHARLES T. CLARK, Neosho, Mo.—Dealers charged him \$1.50 for a half-dollar of 1857, but offer no premium on it.

A. S.—Thanksgiving Day is usually observed on the last Thursday in November, but on the 26th.

NEW SHEPHERD SCHOOL.—Wm. F. V. Viles is Secretary of the Interior. J. Don M. Dickinson Postmaster-General. S. Alexander Ward was killed in a duel with A. D. Burd.

G. B.—The courts will divorce a couple if they are separated for two years.

F. M.—The vote for Governor in Missouri in 1884 was as follows: Marmaduke, 215,885; Ford, 207,468; Brooks, 19,426.

COOPER.—The "Daily" and "Advertiser" are the Brookings, a left-handed batter, though at times he bats right-handed.

CHARLES T. CLARK, Neosho, Mo.—Dealers charged him \$1.50 for a half-dollar of 1857, but offer no premium on it.

PEPPER.—A woman who has a suspicion that he was done for.

D.—Dealers charge \$2 for a half dollar of 1750 and give 40 cents for it.

E. R. S.—A plain gold ring is most appropriate.

TICKET HOLDER.—No postponement of the excursion has been announced yet.

SCRIBNER.—The vote for Blaine in Illinois was 337,502, and for Cleveland, 312,421.

G. G.—The tax will be assessed against the leases, unless your lease specifies otherwise.

O. F.—A washer at the Grand Opera house.

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THE POST-DISPATCH

BRANCH OFFICES.

At the following LOCATIONS BRANCH OFFICES have been established, where WANT ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS will be received and where the PAPER is kept for sale.

DETROIT ST. 1851. A. H. Vordick

BROADWAY—4122 N. W. J. Kehrmel

BROADWAY—2615 S. W. G. Geister

BROADWAY—2607 S. W. G. Geister

BROADWAY—1226 S. Lion Drug Store

BARK ST.—2301. Crowley's Phar

BARK AV.—1000. Cass Avenue

BARK AV.—1257. C. W. Tompkins

CHOUTEAU AV.—1500. H. F. Spiller

CHOUTEAU AV.—2354. W. E. Kress

CHOUTEAU AV.—2367. D. N. & Bro

CHOUTEAU AV.—2368. D. N. & Bro

CHOUTEAU AV.—2369. D. N. & Bro

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The Highest Point in the very deep the property offered. The lots being 3 blocks west of the Franklin Avenue

without limit or re-

servation, at 6 per cent per

ation refunded.

TATE CO.,

estnut Streets.

TABLE

nning into the

Depot.

S TIME.

Except Saturday, 12:30 a.m.

1 Depart. 1 Arrives.

T. LOUIS RAILROAD.

* 8:30 a.m. 7:25 p.m.

* 8:45 a.m. 10:35 a.m.

* 8:45 a.m. 2:00 p.m.

* 8:45 a.m. 3:00 p.m.

* 8:45 a.m. 7:15 a.m.

THE RAILROAD.

* 7:25 p.m. 8:20 p.m.

* 7:25 p.m. 8:30 p.m.

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